The Hydrogen Intensity and Real-time Analysis eXperiment

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TT:

Big bang, inflation

Formation of CMB

Dark ages

Cosmic dawn

Reionization

Structure growth

Dark energy domination



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BAOs with hydrogen intensity mapping



We want large volumes (large sky, large *z* range) for precision cosmology

...but counting individual galaxies is hard, and getting to high redshifts is challenging





Throw away resolution: use HI intensity mapping to measure matter distribution AND obtain redshift information.

Use BAO peak as a standard ruler to chart the universe's expansion history, probe dark energy.

The <u>Hydrogen</u> Intensity and <u>Real-time</u> <u>Analysis</u> e<u>X</u>periment

Science goals:

Measure baryon acoustic oscillations with HI intensity mapping

Characterize dark energy

Radio transient searches

Pulsar searches

Neutral hydrogen absorbers

Diffuse polarization of the Galaxy

Instrumental approach:

1024 close-packed 6-m dishes

Dishes are stationary but can be tilted

Operating frequency: 400 - 800 MHz, equivalent redshift = 0.8 - 2.5

Working closely with CHIME: channelize with FPGA ICE boards, correlation with GPUs

Location: SKA/Karoo (site agreement in progress)

The acronym:



Rock hyrax / dassie



http://www.acru.ukzn.ac.za/~hirax

Where we are in South Africa





HartRAO eight element 6m prototype

HIRAX-4

DAQ shack

6m dish parts!



HIRAX-8

HartRAO eight element 6m prototype

 HartRAO: moderately radio-quiet location, excellent infrastructure and support staff

man

8 dishes installed with ~5mm position accuracy

A design of the second state



HIRAX-8 commissioning in progress



- All dishes instrumented, commissioning and troubleshooting in progress
- First tests of active-balun feeds, RFOF modules, ICE board, GPU correlator
- We've seen fringes! But lots of work ahead...
- Current plan: buildout to 32 dishes at HartRAO for further subsystem tests

Next phase: 128 element array in the Karoo



- Full HIRAX site: Karoo desert, working with SKA to finalize
- Representative RFI levels at Klerefontein look great, UHF TV in the area has been turned off
- HIRAX-128 construction estimated start in 2019, eventual expansion to 512, 1024



Parameter forecasts



Fast radio bursts

- Fast radio bursts: short (~ms), bright (~Jy) radio transients. Distances are likely cosmological because of observed dispersion.
- Fast de-dispersion code developed for HIRAX and tested on archival GBT data: bonus detection!
- HIRAX: estimated ~10 FRB detections per day, possible coordinated observations with HERA

Outrigger stations:

~1000 km baselines for VLBI positions for HIRAX events



4 outriggers



6 outriggers



Summary & future prospects



- HIRAX will do hydrogen intensity mapping to study BAOs and the universe's expansion history at 0.8 < z < 2.5
- Eight element prototype is being commissioned at HartRAO, have obtained first fringes
- Next phase: 128 elements in the Karoo, aiming for 2019
- Outrigger station site testing has begun

Extra slides

Baryon acoustic oscillations



Galaxy positions "remember" acoustic waves from the early universe: sound horizon sets characteristic 150 Mpc scale

Measure galaxy positions \rightarrow should see ripples in the power spectrum, peak in the correlation function

DR12 release from SDSS-III shown below, redshift range 0.2 < z < 0.75



Required specs for BAO intensity mapping



- Maximize sensitivity on scales of interest → Use compact array geometry
- Redshift range of interest: 0.8 < z < 2.5 to capture dark energy domination at z ~ 2 → Required frequencies: 400 – 800 MHz
- BAO 150 Mpc angular scale: 3 1.3 degrees at 0.8 < z < 2.5→ Required baseline lengths: 15 – 60 meters
- BAO scale along line of sight: 20 12 MHz at 0.8 < z < 2.5 → Required freq resolution: minimum ~100 channels, more for foregrounds and higher order peaks
- BAO signal level: ~0.1 mK → Low system temperature, large collecting area

Complementarity with CHIME





	CHIME	HIRAX
Site	DRAO, Canada	Karoo (lower RFI, no snow)
Telescope	Cylinder array	Dish array (different systematics)
Field of view	100° NS, 1°-2° EW	5° – 10° deg
Beam size	0.23° – 0.53°	0.1° – 0.2°
Collecting area	8000 m ²	28,000 m ²
Sky coverage	North	South

Optical surveys in the south, esp. LSST: cross-correlate for foreground mitigation and other science. More pulsars in the south.

HartRAO four element 3.7m prototype



- HartRAO: moderately radio-quiet location, excellent infrastructure and support staff
- End-to-end test including 2 RFOF modules and 2 coax chains, first ICE board, GPU correlator
- From hardware install to first fringes: ~1 week



Calibration

- Galactic foregrounds >1000 times brighter than cosmological signal \rightarrow need to precisely characterize gains, phases, beam shapes...
- Quasi-redundant calibration developed for HIRAX, will be tested soon
- Beam measurements: developing drone calibrator in collaboration with HERA (Danny Jacobs; ECHO)
- Far field is 100 200 meters for HIRAX, easy to achieve; long flight times with moderate payload mass are more difficult
- First mapping tests will happen soon at HartRAO with HIRAX-8



Parameter forecasts



Analysis by Devin Crichton